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# **Peterborough City Council**

External Audit Plan 2014/15

Government and Public Sector

March 2015

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#### Code of Audit Practice and Statement of Responsibilities of Auditors and of Audited Bodies

*In April 2010 the Audit Commission* issued a revised version of the 'Statement of responsibilities of auditors and of audited bodies'. It is available from the Chief Executive of each audited body. The purpose of the statement is to assist auditors and audited bodies by explaining where the responsibilities of to be expected of the audited body in certain areas. Our reports and management letters are prepared in the context of this Statement. *Reports and letters prepared by* appointed auditors and addressed to members or officers are prepared for the sole use of the audited body and no responsibility is taken by auditors to any Member or officer in their individual capacity or to any third party.

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# **Executive summary**

# Background

We have prepared this audit plan to provide the Audit Committee of Peterborough City Council (the 'Authority') with information about our responsibilities as external auditors and how we plan to discharge them for the audit of the financial year ended 31 March 2015.

# Framework for our audit

We are appointed as your auditors by the Audit Commission as part of a national framework contract and consequently we are required to incorporate the requirements of the Audit Commission Act 1998 and the Code of Audit Practice 2010 for local government bodies (the 'Audit Code') as well as the requirements of International Standards on Auditing (UK & Ireland) ('ISAs').

The remainder of this document sets out how we will discharge these responsibilities and we welcome any feedback or comments that you may have on our approach.

We look forward to discussing our report with you on the 16 March 2015. Attending the meeting from PwC will be Julian Rickett.

### **Our Responsibilities**

Our responsibilities are as follows:

Perform an audit of the accounts in accordance with the Auditing Practice Board's International Standards on Auditing (ISAs (UK&I)).

Report to the National Audit Office on the accuracy of the consolidation pack the Authority is required to prepare for the Whole of Government Accounts.

Form a conclusion on the arrangements the Authority has made for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources.

Consider the completeness of disclosures in the Authority's annual governance statement, identify any inconsistencies with the other information of which we are aware from ourwork and consider whether it complies with CIPFA / SOLACE quidance.

Consider whether, in the public interest, we should make a report on any matter coming to our notice in the course of the audit.

Determine whether any other action should be taken in relation to our other responsibilities under the Audit Commission Act.

Issue a certificate that we have completed the audit in accordance with the requirements of the Audit Commission Act 1998 and the Code of Practice issued by the Audit Commission.

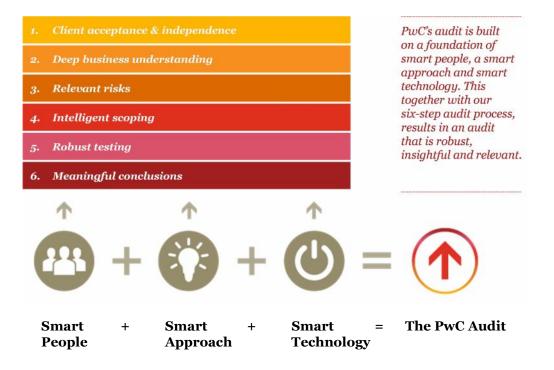
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Our audit engagement begins with an evaluation of the Authority on our 'acceptance & continuance database' which highlights an overall engagement risk score and highlights areas of heightened risk.

# Audit approach

# The PwC Audit

Our unique methodology involves our people, a tailored audit approach and our use of technology. Our 'smart' approach underpins your audit. The core elements of our audit are outlined below:



# Client acceptance & independence

Our audit engagement begins with an evaluation of the Authority on our 'acceptance & continuance system' which highlights an overall engagement risk score and highlights areas of heightened risk.

At the beginning of our audit process we are also required to assess our independence as your external auditor. We have made enquiries of all PwC teams providing services to you and of those responsible in the UK Firm for compliance matters. We have set out in Appendix A the relationships that, in our professional judgement, may be perceived to impact upon our independence and the objectivity of our audit team, together with the related safeguards.

At the date of this plan we confirm that in our professional judgement, we are independent accountants with respect to the Authority, within the meaning of UK regulatory and professional requirements and that the objectivity of the audit team is not impaired.

### Deep business understanding

#### Strategic context

The Authority is operating in an increasingly challenging environment where many Local Government organisations are facing a continued reduction in funding from central government and increasing demand for their services, in particular in relation to social care.

Our risks identified later in this plan have been considered in the above context.

### Relevant risks

Our audit is risk based which means that we focus on the areas that matter. We have carried out a risk assessment for 2014/15 prior to considering the impact of controls, as required by auditing standards, which also draws on our understanding of your business.

We determine if risks are significant, elevated or normal and whether we are concerned with fraud, error or judgement as this helps to drive the design of our testing procedures:

| • | Significant | Those risks with the highest potential for material misstatement due to a combination of their size, nature and<br>likelihood and which, in our judgement, require specific audit consideration. |
|---|-------------|--|
| • | Elevated    | Although not considered significant, the nature of the balance/area requires specific consideration.   |

The table below highlights all risks which we consider to be either significant or elevated in relation to our audit for the year ended 31 March 2015.

# Financial Statements risks

| Risk   | Categorisation | Audit approach   |
|--|----------------|--|
| Management override of<br>controls<br>ISA (UK&I) 240 requires that we<br>plan our audit work to consider<br>the risk of fraud, which is      | Significant ●  | As part of our assessment of your control environment we<br>will consider those areas where management could use<br>discretion outside of the financial controls in place to<br>misstate the financial statements.<br>We will perform procedures to: |
| presumed to be a significant risk<br>in any audit and is not therefore<br>specific only to Peterborough City                                 |                | <ul> <li>Review the appropriateness of accounting policies and<br/>estimation bases, focusing on any changes not driven by<br/>amendments to reporting standards;</li> </ul>   |
| Council. In every organisation,<br>management may be in a position<br>to override the routine day to day<br>financial controls. Accordingly, |                | - Test the appropriateness of journal entries and other year-<br>end adjustments, targeting higher risk items such as those<br>that affect the reported deficit/surplus;   |
| for all of our audits, we consider<br>this risk and adapt our audit<br>procedures accordingly.   |                | - Review accounting estimates for bias and evaluate<br>whether judgment and estimates used are reasonable (for<br>example pension scheme assumptions, valuation and<br>impairment assumptions);  |
|  |                | - Evaluate the business rationale underlying significant transactions outside the normal course of business; and   |
|  |                | - Perform unpredictable procedures targeted on fraud risks.  |
|  |                | We may perform other audit procedures if necessary.  |

| sk  | Categorisation | Audit approach  |
|---|----------------|---|
| sk of fraud in revenue and<br>benditure recognition<br>der ISA (UK&I) 240 there is a<br>sumption that there are risks<br>raud in revenue recognition.<br>extend this presumption to<br>recognition of expenditure in<br>al government.<br>s is a significant risk we<br>sider on all our audits – it is<br>therefore specific to<br>erborough City Council.<br>ectifically, there are risks that:<br>ne Authority could adopt<br>ounting policies or treat<br>ome and expenditure<br>nsactions in such a way as to<br>d to material misstatement in<br>reported income and<br>enditure position; and<br>udget holders may feel under<br>ssure to try to push costs into<br>are periods, or to miscode<br>enditure to make use of<br>ources intended for different<br>poses as a result of the<br>tinuing economic conditions<br>ssurising many of the<br>chority's budgets. | Significant •  | <ul> <li>We will perform detailed testing of revenue and expenditure transactions, focussing on the areas we consider to be of greatest risk.</li> <li>For income, we consider that sales, fees and charges are areas of significant risk. We do not consider grant income, Council Tax and Business Rate income or interest income to be significant risks.</li> <li>For expenditure, we consider that non payroll service expenditure is an area of significant risk. We do not consider that housing and council benefits, payroll expenditure, depreciation and impairment, pension costs recognised due to the requirements of IAS 19, or interest expenditure to be significant risks.</li> <li>We will:</li> <li>Evaluate the accounting policies for income and expenditure recognition to ensure that this is consistent with the requirements of the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting.</li> <li>Conduct tests of detail to obtain a high level of assurance over the significant risks described above.</li> <li>We will conduct tests of detail to obtain a high level of assurance over the significant risks described above.</li> </ul> |

### Risk

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| We will:  | Elevated • | Property valuation and accounting for capital  |
|---|------------|--|
| <ul> <li>Challenge how management has sa<br/>the key assumptions driving the rev<br/>and Investment Property at 31 Mar<br/>appropriate for the circumstances of<br/>Utilise our own valuation experts to<br/>work of the valuation experts engage<br/>Council;</li> <li>Test the source data used by the val-<br/>engaged by the Council; and</li> <li>Challenge how management has sa<br/>the element of the PPE portfolio no<br/>formal revaluation as at 31 March 2<br/>correct.</li> <li>Consider the accounting treatment<br/>to any new schools construction, ar<br/>classification within the fixed asset</li> </ul> |            | <ul> <li>The scale and complexity of the Council's estate presents a number of accounting challenges. The Council's measurement of its properties at fair value involves a range of assumptions and the use of external valuation expertise. ISAs (UK&amp;I) 500 and 540 require us, respectively, to undertake certain procedures on the use of external expert valuers and processes and assumptions underlying fair value estimates.</li> <li>In our previous audits, we have identified accounting issues in this area including :</li> <li>The assumptions and methodologies used by the Council's external valuation expert;</li> <li>The accounting for the construction of new Academy schools; and</li> <li>The timing of movement of Assets under Construction to Property and therefore the depreciation start date.</li> </ul> |

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| Risk   | Categorisation | Audit approach   |
|--|----------------|--|
|  | Elevated •     | We will audit the authority's approach to addressing the<br>guidance in the LAAP bulletin.<br>We will check that the authority has obtained sufficient<br>evidence to enable it to form a conclusion as to whether the<br>non-current assets of individual schools should be included<br>within its balance sheet. |
| In addition, CIPFA's Local<br>Authority Accounting Panel has<br>issued a bulletin ("LAAP 101")<br>that provides guidance on the<br>accounting treatment of non-<br>current assets used by schools. |                |  |
| LAAP 101 notes that 'it is<br>generally the case that for<br>religious schools, non-current<br>assets (such as the school<br>buildings) are not owned by the<br>school but by another legal body'. |                |  |
| Therefore, the Council needs to<br>carry out an exercise to ensure<br>that it applies the guidance in<br>LAAP 101 to its schools.  |                |  |

# Overall Materiality: £10,243,000

# Triviality: £500,000

# Intelligent scoping Materiality

|                                      | £          |
|--------------------------------------|------------|
| Overall materiality                  | 10,243,000 |
| Clearly trivial reporting de minimis | 500,000    |

We set overall materiality to assist our planning of the overall audit strategy and to assess the impact of any adjustments identified.

For the year ended 31 March 2015, overall materiality has been set at 2% of 2013/14 gross expenditure . We will update this assessment as necessary in light of the Authority's actual results for 2014/15.

ISA (UK&I) 450 (revised) requires that we record all misstatements identified except those which are "clearly trivial" i.e. those which we do expect not to have a material effect on the financial statements even if accumulated. We would like to seek the Audit Committee's views on this de minimis threshold.

# Robust Testing Where we do our work

As previously mentioned our audit is risk based which means we focus our work on those areas which, in our judgement, are most likely to lead to a material misstatement. In summary, we will:

- Consider the key risks arising from internal developments and external factors such as policy, regulatory or accounting changes;
- Consider the robustness of the control environment, including the governance structure, the operating environment, the information systems and processes and the financial reporting procedures in operation;
- Have regard to the findings of Internal Audit on our risk assessment and testing approach;
- Understand the control activities operating over key financial cycles which affect the production of the year-end financial statements;
- Validate key controls relevant to the audit approach; and
- Perform substantive testing on transactions and balances as required.

### When we do our work

Our audit is designed to quickly consider and evaluate the impact of issues arising to ensure that we deliver a no surprises audit at year-end. This involves early testing at an interim stage and open and timely communication with management to ensure that we meet all statutory reporting deadlines. We engage early, enabling us to debate issues with you. We have summarised our formal communications plan in Appendix B.

# Meaningful conclusions

We believe fundamentally in the value of the audit and that audits need to be designed to be valuable to our clients to properly fulfil our role as auditors. In designing the Authority audit, our primary objective is to form an independent audit opinion on the financial statements; however, we also aim to provide insight.

Audit value comes from the same source as audit quality so the work that we do in support of our audit opinion also means that we should be giving you value through our observations, recommendations and insights. We will share insights and observations with you in our audit reports throughout the year.

We have also developed a Local Government Centre of Excellence which supports your audit team in all aspects of the audit, including sharing insight and observations gained from audit teams across the country.

# Annual Governance Statement

Local Authorities are required to produce an Annual Governance Statement (AGS), which is consistent with guidance issued by CIPFA / SOLACE: "Delivering Good Governance in Local Government". The AGS is required to be presented by the Authority with the Statement of Accounts.

We will review the AGS to consider whether it complies with the CIPFA / SOLACE "Delivering Good Governance in Local Government" framework and whether it is misleading or inconsistent with other information known to us from our audit work.

# Whole of Government Accounts

We are required to examine the Whole of Government Accounts schedules submitted to the Department for Communities and Local Government and issue an opinion stating in our view if they are consistent or inconsistent with the Statement of Accounts.

# Value for Money Work

Our value for money code responsibility requires us to carry out sufficient and relevant work in order to conclude on whether the Authority has put in place proper arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in the use of resources.

The Audit Commission guidance includes two criteria:

- The organisation has proper arrangements in place for securing financial resilience; and
- The organisation has proper arrangements for challenging how it secures economy, efficiency and effectiveness.

We determine a local programme of audit work based on our audit risk assessment, informed by these criteria and our statutory responsibilities. We have identified the following heightened risk relating to the Authority's financial resilience:

#### **Risk**

#### Savings Plans – financial resilience criterion

The Authority, in common with many local authorities, is experiencing increased pressures on many of its budgets. Current and forecast reductions in funding and changing demand for services require the Authority to deliver significant savings in the current and future years.

In the five years to 2015/16, the Authority has seen its government funding cut by £44m, which equates to nearly 39% of its government grant. For 2015/16, the cut in grant is £12.5m and additional pressures arise from the need to provide statutory services and implement legal changes totalling £12.5m. The revised budget gap for 2015/16 prior to any savings plans is £25m, increasing to £44.6m in 2019/20.

There is a risk that saving plans may not be robust and the Authority is unable to demonstrate that it has achieved value for money in its use of resources.

#### Audit approach

We will review your medium term financial plan and consider:

- How you manage the plan, and will investigate the reasons behind any significant variations from the plan;
- Your record in delivering savings;
- The governance structure in place to deliver the targets (including extent of Member involvement);
- The level and extent of accountability;
- Project management arrangements;
- Monitoring and reporting; and
- Progress on delivering the plan, including considering the assumptions and progress made in relation to individual savings plans.

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Responsibilities in relation to the risk of fraud are different for auditors, management and the Audit Committee.

# Risk of fraud

International Standards on Auditing (UK&I) state that we, as auditors, are responsible for obtaining reasonable assurance that the financial statements taken as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. The respective responsibilities of auditors, management and those charged with governance are summarised below:

| Auditors' responsibility |  | Management's responsibility  | Responsibility of the Audit<br>Committee  |  |
|--------------------------|--|--|---|--|
| Ou<br>•                  | r objectives are:<br>To identify and assess the risks of   | Management's responsibilities in relation to fraud are:  | Your responsibility as part of your governance role is:   |  |
| •                        | material misstatement of the<br>financial statements due to fraud;<br>To obtain sufficient appropriate<br>audit evidence regarding the<br>assessed risks of material<br>misstatement due to fraud, through<br>designing and implementing<br>appropriate responses; and | <ul> <li>To design and implement programmes<br/>and controls to prevent, deter and<br/>detect fraud;</li> <li>To ensure that the entity's culture and<br/>environment promote ethical<br/>behaviour; and</li> <li>To perform a risk assessment that<br/>specifically includes the risk of fraud</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>To evaluate management's identification of fraud risk, implementation of anti-fraud measures and creation of appropriate 'tone at the top'; and</li> <li>To ensure any alleged or suspected instances of fraud brought to your attention are investigated</li> </ul> |  |
| •                        | To respond appropriately to fraud<br>or suspected fraud identified during<br>the audit.  | addressing incentives and pressures,<br>opportunities, and attitudes<br>and rationalisation.   | appropriately.  |  |

# Conditions under which fraud may occur



# Your views on fraud

We enquire of the Audit Committee:

- Whether you have knowledge of fraud, either actual, suspected or alleged, including those involving management?
- What fraud detection or prevention measures (e.g. whistleblower lines) are in place in the entity?
- What role you have in relation to fraud?
- What protocols / procedures have been established between those charged with governance and management to keep you informed of instances of fraud, either actual, suspected or alleged?

# The senior audit team members are:

Julian Rickett; and

Karen McIntosh.

# Your PwC team

The individuals in your PwC team have been selected to bring you extensive audit experience from working with Local Authorities, the wider public sector. We also recognise that continuity in the audit team is important to you and the senior members of our team are committed to developing longer term relationships with you.

The core members of your audit team are:

| Audit Team  | Responsibilities   |
|---|--|
| <i>Engagement Leader</i><br>Julian Rickett<br>julian.c.rickett@uk.pwc.com<br>01603 883321 | Engagement Leader responsible for independently delivering the audit in line with the Audit<br>Code (including agreeing the Audit Plan, ISA 260 Report to Those Charged with Governance<br>and the Annual Audit Letter), quality of outputs and signing of opinions and conclusions. |
| <i>Engagement Manager</i><br>Karen McIntosh<br>Karen.mcintosh@uk.pwc.com<br>01603 883360  | Manager on the assignment responsible for overall control of the audit engagement, ensuring delivery to timetable, delivery and management of targeted work and overall review of audit outputs. Completion of the Audit Plan, ISA 260 Report and Annual Audit Letter.               |
| <i>Team Leader</i><br>Kotesh Choudary<br>kotesh.choudary@uk.pwc.com<br>01223 552463       | Responsible for leading the field team, including the audit of the statement of accounts, and governance aspects of our work. Regular liaison with the finance team.   |

# Your audit fees

The Audit Commission has provided indicative scale fees for local authorities for the year ended 31 March 2015. Scale audit fees in 2014/15 have been increased by £1,070 to reflect the fact that the changes to the Business Rates regime mean we no longer certify the National Non-Domestic Rates return, which means we have to undertake additional work as part of the audit of the accounts on those transactions.

The indicative audit fee compared to the actual fee for 2013/14 is as follows:

| Audit fee  | Actual fee<br>2013/14<br>£ | Indicative fee<br>2014/15<br>£ |
|--|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Audit work performed under the Code of Audit Practice- Statement of Accounts- Conclusion on the ability of the organisation to secure proper arrangementsfor the economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources- Whole of Government Accounts | 143,640                    | 144,710                        |
| Fee variation 1 (see note i)   | 3,506                      | -                              |
| Fee variation 2 (see note ii)  | 20,000                     | _                              |
| Certification of Claims and Returns  | 18,159                     | 18,740                         |
| Other reporting Responsibilities (see note iii)  | 11,970                     | -                              |
| Total Audit Code work  | 197,275                    | 163,450                        |
| <b>Planned non-audit work</b> (outside of the scope of the Code of Audit Practice)<br>– Teachers Pension Return 2013/14 Assurance Reporting (see note iv)  | -                          | 9,840                          |
| Total Non-Audit Code work  | 0                          | 9,840                          |
| Total Audit Fees   | 197,275                    | 173,290                        |

We have based the fee level on the following assumptions:

- Officers meeting the timetable of deliverables, which we will agree in writing;
- We are able to use, as planned, the work of internal audit;
- We do not review more than 3 iterations of the statement of accounts;
- We are able to obtain assurance from your management controls;
- No significant changes being made by the Audit Commission to the local value for money work requirements; and
- Our value for money conclusion and accounts opinion being unqualified.

If these prove to be unfounded, we will seek a variation order to the indicative fee, to be discussed and with you and the Audit Commission.

#### Notes

- i) As a result of the removal of the certification requirements in relation to National Non-Domestic Rates and Council Tax Support, we needed to undertake additional testing on these areas within the financial statements in order to obtain the necessary assurance for our audit opinion. This fee has been agreed and finalised with the Audit Commission.
- ii) We are currently in the process of agreeing a second fee variation for 2013/14 with the Audit Commission. This fee variation has been agreed by officers and relates principally to additional work undertaken on the value for money conclusion and in relation to additional testing on Property, Plant and Equipment as reported to you in the 2013/14 ISA 260 report. We will report the final position once it is confirmed. We anticipate that certain of the risks identified on pages 5-8 and 11 will again lead to additional fees over and above the indicative fee level. We will keep you informed of these fee implications as our audit work progresses.
- iii) The fee for our work on matters raised with us by electors / whistleblowers has been finalised and agreed by the Audit Commission.
- iv) Non audit work includes work of £9,840 in relation to the Teacher's Pensions Agency certification that the Authority engaged us to perform. This work was undertaken outside of the remit of the Audit Commission Code of Audit Practice and is therefore reported as non-audit work. Although the work was on the 2013/14 return, the work was undertaken within 2014/15 and therefore falls to be a fee within the 2014/15 year.

# Appendices

# Appendix A: Independence threats and safeauards

At the beginning of our audit process we are required to assess our independence as your external auditor. We have made enquiries of all PwC teams providing services to you and of those responsible in the UK Firm for compliance matters and we have set out below the relationships that, in our professional judgement, may be perceived to impact upon our independence and the objectivity of our audit team, together with the related safeguards.

### Other services

| Support provided by PwC  | Value | Threats to independence and safeguards in place   |
|--|-------|---|
| Support provided by PwC<br>Role of the engagement leader –<br>Julian Rickett.<br>This is Julian's 8 <sup>th</sup> year as<br>Engagement Leader to<br>Peterborough City Council, one<br>year longer than the 7 year<br>maximum period set by the Audit<br>Commission.<br>This one year extension has been | n/a   | <ul> <li>Self Interest Threat: the fees associated with the audit of Peterborough City Council are not significant in the context of the engagement leader's overall audit portfolio.</li> <li>Self-review threat: there is no self-review threat as we are providing assurance on management completed accounts.</li> </ul>    |
| This one year extension has been sought by us and approved by the  |       | <b>Management threat:</b> this does not arise as the Engagement Leader and PwC are not taking decisions which are the responsibility of management.   |
| Audit Commission following<br>consultation with officers and the<br>Audit Committee.   |       | <b>Advocacy threat:</b> this does not arise as the work will<br>be limited to the testing of information provided by the<br>Authority and does not result in advocacy. The<br>Engagement Leader and PwC are carrying out<br>reasonable assurance procedures and not providing<br>assurance or advocacy on behalf of the client. |
|  |       | <b>Familiarity Threat:</b> During his tenure as Engagement<br>Leader, there have been changes in the Members of the<br>Audit Committee and the Chair. We therefore do not<br>consider there to be a familiarity threat.   |
|  |       | To mitigate any perceived threat, we have assigned an<br>independent Quality Review Partner to this engagement<br>to review the audit work undertaken including reviewing<br>and challenging those areas identified in this plan as   |



team from the audit team is being used to carry out this work.

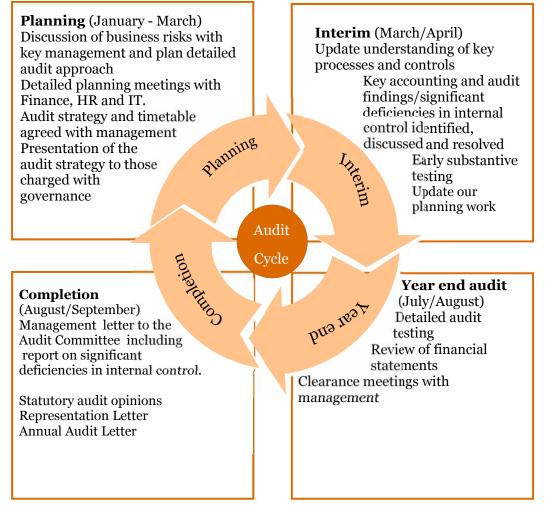
**Intimidation Threat:** We have concluded that this work does not pose an intimidation threat.

# **Relationships and Investments**

Senior officers should not seek or receive personal financial or tax advice from PwC. Non-executives who receive such advice from us (perhaps in connection with employment by a client of the firm) or who also act as director for another audit or advisory client of the firm should notify us, so that we can put appropriate conflict management arrangements in place.

Therefore at the date of this plan we confirm that in our professional judgement, we are independent accountants with respect to the Authority, within the meaning of UK regulatory and professional requirements and that the objectivity of the audit team is not impaired.

# **Appendix B: Communications Plan**



#### **Continuous Communication**

- Continuous proactive discussion of issues as and when they arise; 'no surprises'
- Continuous evaluation and improvement of the audit
- Bringing you experience of sector and best practice

# Appendix C: Audit quality

Quality is built into every aspect of the way that we deliver the Authority audit. We take great pride in being your auditors and in the value of assurance that the audit opinion provides. A timely, independent and rigorous audit is fundamental. This in turn necessitates getting the basics right – clarity on audit risks, scope, resource, timetables, deliverables and areas of judgement – which is supported by our team that has extensive experience and relevant training.

The table below sets out some of the key ways in which we ensure we deliver a high quality audit.

| Procedure                       | Description  |
|---------------------------------|--|
| People                          | Quality begins with our people. To ensure that every engagement team provides quality, we use carefully designed protocols for recruiting, training, promoting, assigning responsibility and managing and overseeing the work of our people. We invest significant amounts of time and money for the training and development of our audit professionals. Every new team member is carefully selected to ensure they have the right blend of technical expertise and industry experience to support the Authority audit. |
| Client acceptance and retention | Our client acceptance and retention standards and procedures are designed to identify risks of a client or prospective client to determine whether the risks are manageable.   |
| Audit<br>methodology            | The same audit methodology is used for all Local Authority audit engagements, thereby ensuring uniformity and consistency in approach. Compliance with this methodology is regularly reviewed and evaluated. Comprehensive policies and procedures governing our accounting and auditing practice – covering professional and regulatory standards as well as implementation issues – are constantly updated for new professional developments and emerging issues, needs and concerns of the practice.                  |
| Technical<br>consultation       | Consultations by engagement teams, typically with senior technical partners unaffiliated with the audit<br>engagement, are required in particular circumstances involving auditing, accounting or reporting<br>matters including matters such as going concern and clinical quality issues. In addition, we regularly<br>consult with our industry specialists in the Local Government Centre of Excellence and our accounting<br>technical experts that sit on the Audit Commission Auditors' Group.                    |

| Procedure                 | Description   |
|---------------------------|---|
| Technical updates         | PwC prepares numerous publications to keep both PwC staff and our clients abreast of the latest technical guidance.   |
|                           | These include:  |
|                           | <ul> <li>A weekly publication covering the week's accounting and business developments;</li> <li>A periodic publication providing in-depth analysis of significant accounting developments; and</li> <li>A publication issued shortly after meetings of standard setters, including IFRIC and the EITF, to provide timely feedback on issues discussed at the meeting.</li> </ul>   |
|                           | We also provide Local Government specific technical updates through regular publications issued by our Local Government Centre of Excellence and weekly conference calls for all Local Authority engagement teams during the final audit period. We will share our technical updates with you throughout the year.  |
| Independence<br>standards | PwC has policies and systems designed to comply with relevant independence and client retention<br>standards. Before a piece of non-audit work can begin for the Authority, it must first be authorised by the<br>engagement leader who evaluates the project against our own internal policies and safeguards and<br>against your policy on non-audit services. Above a certain fee threshold, we then seek approval from the<br>Audit Commission before proceeding with any work. |
| Ethics                    | Our Ethics and Business Conduct Programme includes confidential communication channels to voice questions and concerns 24 hours a day, seven days a week. Confidentiality helps us to ensure that we receive the candid information and that we respond with the appropriate technical and risk management resources.   |
| Independent<br>review     | Our audits are subject to ongoing review and evaluation by review teams within PwC and also by the Audit Quality Review Team (AQRT, formerly the Audit Inspection Unit). The most recent report on PwC was issued in May 2014 and although there are some areas for development identified the general theme was that audit quality has continued to improve. The firm has developed action plans for all areas for development identified by the AQRT.                             |
|                           | As auditors appointed by the Audit Commission we are also required to comply with their annual Regulatory Compliance and Quality Review programme. The results for our 2013/14 audits are expected in 2015 and will be publicly available on the Audit Commission's website should you wish to take a look.   |

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### Smart People

We deploy quality people on your audit, supported by a substantial investment in training and in our industry programme. The members of staff deployed on your audit have been primarily taken from our dedicated Government and Public Sector team. These staff members have a wide and deep knowledge both of the Authority and the local government sector.

Key members of the audit team including the engagement manager and team leader have been involved in the audit of the Authority for a number of years. This ensures continuity which is beneficial both for our people and your audit through ensuring that accumulated knowledge remains within the audit team, improving the quality of the audit we deliver.

We use dedicated IT specialists on the audit and share their insight and experience of best practices with you.

#### Smart Approach

#### Data auditing

We use technology-enabled audit techniques to drive quality, efficiency and insight.

In 2014/15 we anticipate the work will include:

- Testing manual journals using data analytics, ensuring we consider the complete population of manual journals and target our detailed testing on the items with the highest inherent risk.
- The production of a journals 'insight report' which shows the comparable use of journals across the organisation and explores some of the root causes. We use the data gathered as part of our journals testing to share our findings and observations with management.

#### Centre of Excellence

We have a Centre of Excellence in the UK for Local Government which is a dedicated team of specialists which advises, assists and shares best practice with our audit teams in more complex areas of the audit.

Our team has been working side by side with the Centre of Excellence to ensure we are executing the best possible audit approach.

#### Delivery centres

We use dedicated delivery centres to deliver parts of our audit work that are routine and can be done by teams dedicated to specific tasks; for example these include confirmation procedures, preliminary independence checks and consistency and casting checks of the financial statements.

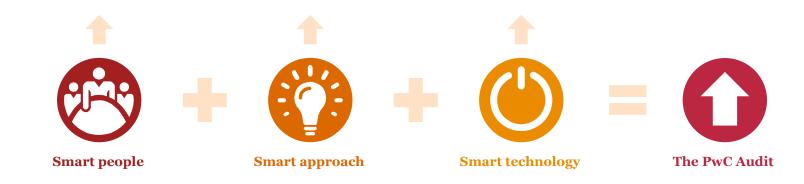
The use of our delivery centres frees up your audit team to focus on other areas of the audit.

We have agreed a process with the Audit Commission, under which data can be off-shored to PwC Service delivery Centres in India and Poland for the facilitation of basic audit tasks, as highlighted earlier. We have also agreed with the Audit Commission how this will be regulated, together with their independent review of our internal processes to ensure compliance, with the Audit Commission requirements for off-shoring. Further information is included in Appendix E.

### Smart Technology

We have designed processes that automate and simplify audit activity wherever possible. Central to this is PwC's Aura software, which has set the standard for audit technology. It is a powerful tool, enabling us to direct and oversee audit activities.

Aura's risk-based approach and workflow technology results in a higher quality, more effective audit and the tailored testing libraries allow us to build standard work programmes for key Authority audit cycles.



Our 'smart' approach underpins your audit

# Appendix D: Other engagement information

The Audit Commission appoint us as auditors to Peterborough City Council and the terms of our appointment are governed by:

- The Code of Audit Practice; and
- The Standing Guidance for Auditors.

There are five further matters which are not currently included within the guidance, but which our firm's practice requires that we raise with you.

#### Electronic communication

During the engagement we may from time to time communicate electronically with each other. However, the electronic transmission of information cannot be guaranteed to be secure, virus or error free and such information could be intercepted, corrupted, lost, destroyed, arrive late or incomplete or otherwise be adversely affected or unsafe to use.

PwC partners and staff may also need to access PwC electronic information and resources during the engagement. You agree that there are benefits to each of us in their being able to access the PwC network via your internet connection and that they may do this by connecting their PwC laptop computers to your network. We each understand that there are risks to each of us associated with such access, including in relation to security and the transmission of viruses.

We each recognise that systems and procedures cannot be a guarantee that transmissions, our respective networks and the devices connected to these networks will be unaffected by risks such as those identified in the previous two paragraphs. We each agree to accept the risks of and authorise (a) electronic communications between us and (b) the use of your network and internet connection as set out above. We each agree to use commercially reasonable procedures (i) to check for the then most commonly known viruses before either of us sends information electronically or we connect to your network and (ii) to prevent unauthorised access to each other's systems.

We shall each be responsible for protecting our own systems and interests and you and PwC (in each case including our respective directors, members, partners, employees, agents or servants) shall have no liability to each other on any basis, whether in contract, tort (including negligence) or otherwise, in respect of any error, damage, loss or omission arising from or

in connection with the electronic communication of information between us and our reliance on such information or our use of your network and internet connection.

The exclusion of liability in the previous paragraph shall not apply to the extent that such liability cannot by law be excluded.

### Access to audit working papers

We may be required to give access to our audit working papers to the Audit Commission or the National Audit Office for quality assurance purposes.

### Overseas processing of information

Recently, as with other firms, we have agreed a process with the Audit Commission, under which data can be off-shored to PwC Service Delivery Centres in India and Poland for the facilitation of basic audit tasks. Please refer to the letter at the end of this Appendix for further information on the types of tasks we may off-shore. We confirm that:

- When work is off-shored the firm delivering the audit remains entirely responsible for the conduct of the audit. As such the data will be subject to similar data quality control procedures as if the work had not been off-shored, maintaining the security of your data.
- All firms within the PricewaterhouseCoopers network, including the PwC Service Delivery Centres, have signed an intra-group data protection agreement which includes data protection obligations equivalent to those set out in the EU model contract for the transfer of personal data to data processors outside of the European Economic Area.
- We shall comply at all times with the seventh principle in Part 1 of Schedule 1 to the Data Protection Act 1998.
- Your audit team members will remain your key audit contacts, you will not need to communicate with our overseas delivery teams.
- The audit team members are responsible for reviewing all of the work performed by the overseas delivery teams.
- We already successfully use a UK based delivery centre for financial statements quality checks and that this service will remain in the UK.

If you have any questions regarding this process or if you require further information then please contact Julian Rickett.

### Quality arrangements

We want to provide you at all times with a high quality service to meet your needs. If at any time you would like to discuss with us how our service could be improved or if you are dissatisfied with any aspect of our services, please raise the matter immediately with the partner responsible for that aspect of our services to you. If, for any reason, you would prefer to discuss these matters with someone other than that partner, please contact Richard Bacon, our Government & Public Sector Assurance Lead Partner at our office at Cornwall Court, Birmingham, B3 2DT, or James Chalmers, UK Head of Assurance, at our office at 1 Embankment Place, London, WC2N 6NN. In this way we can ensure that your concerns are dealt with carefully and promptly. We undertake to look into any complaint carefully and promptly and to do all we can to explain the position to you. This will not affect your right to complain to the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales or to the Audit Commission.

### Events arising between signature of accounts and their publication

ISA (UK&I) 560 places a number of requirements on us in the event of material events arising between the signing of the accounts and their publication. You need to inform us of any such matters that arise so we can fulfil our responsibilities.

If you have any queries on the above, please let us know before approving the Audit Plan or, if arising subsequently, at any point during the year.



# Appendix E: Use of service centres

Private & Confidential

John Harrison, S151 Officer Peterborough City Council Town Hall Bridge Street PETERBOROUGH PE1 1HG

25 February 2015

Dear John

#### Working more efficiently

As you know the Audit Commission recently tendered the audit work previously delivered by the District Audit service. This realised significant savings which have been passed on to your organisation in a reduction to your scale fee of around 40%.

As a result of this tender, suppliers have sought for opportunities to increase efficiency, whilst maintaining the level of quality. One principle which has recently been established is that certain basic parts of the audit can be off-shored. This is common practice in the private sector. When work is off-shored the firm delivering the audit and thus your audit team, remains entirely responsible for the conduct of the audit. As such the data would be subject to similar data quality control procedures as if the work had not been off-shored, maintaining the security of your data.

Examples of the work that can be off-shored are:

- Request for confirmations (Receivables, Bank or Payables);
- Verification/vouching of information to source documentation (e.g. agreeing a payable balance to invoice);

- Financial statements review;
- Mathematical accuracy checks of data;
- Research; and
- Preparation of lead schedules.

Recently, as with other firms, we have agreed a process with the Audit Commission, under which data can be off-shored to PwC Service delivery Centres in India and Poland for the facilitation of basic audit tasks, as highlighted above. We have agreed with the Audit Commission how this will be regulated, together with their independent review of our internal processes to ensure compliance, with the Audit Commission requirements for off-shoring.

If you have any questions regarding the above, please do not hesitate to get in touch.

Yours sincerely

Julian Rickett

**Engagement Leader** 

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In the event that, pursuant to a request which Peterborough City Council has received under the Freedom of Information Act 2000, it is required to disclose any information contained in this report, it will notify PwC promptly and consult with PwC prior to disclosing such report. Peterborough City Council agrees to pay due regard to any representations which PwC may make in connection with such disclosure and Peterborough City Council shall apply any relevant exemptions which may exist under the Act to such report. If, following consultation with PwC, Peterborough City Council discloses this report or any part thereof, it shall ensure that any disclaimer which PwC has included or may subsequently wish to include in the information is reproduced in full in any copies disclosed.

This document has been prepared only for Peterborough City Council and solely for the purpose and on the terms agreed through our contract with the Audit Commission. We accept no liability (including for negligence) to anyone else in connection with this document, and it may not be provided to anyone else.

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